



The monitoring programme for food additives in Germany The pilot phase in Saxony

Julia Schreiner

official laboratory for public health system and veterinary control of the federal state Saxony



Introduction

Official control of foodstuffs in Germany





→ LUA Sachsen

official lab

about 20.000 food samples per year

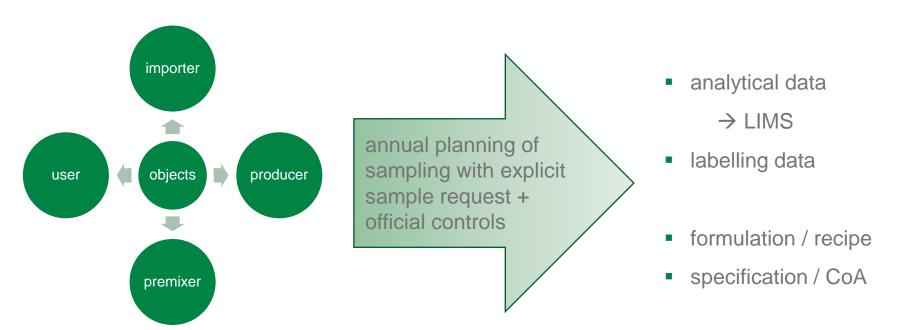
about 5.000 FA-analyses per year covering about 30-50 FAs

about 100 samples of FAs in pure form or premixes



Introduction

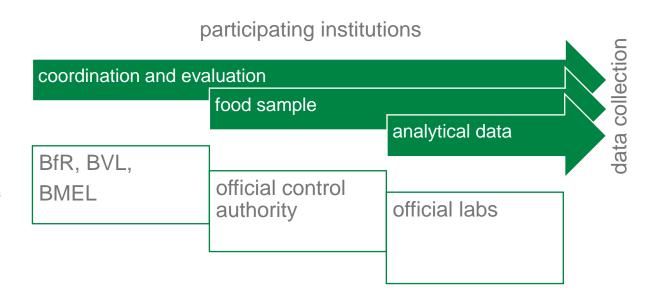
Generation of data in combination with official controls





Pilot phase in Germany 2023 sweeteners in fermented milk products

- period of 6 months
- query in advance about availability of analytical methods
- providing a "shopping list"





Pilot phase in Germany 2023 sweeteners in fermented milk products – results

Facts

- expert group
- Bund ← → Länder ← → NRL
- few samples and a great variety of analytical data
- limit of detection / quantification

Problems

- market availability / relevance
- rapid market development
- (additional) data transfer via Excel



experience → transfer to 2024

Probennr.	Angabe aller im Produkt enthaltenen Süßungsmittel (E- Nummern; deklariert)	Fettgehalt im Milchanteil (deklariert) [%]	Produkt-Marke	Produkt- Bezeichnung	Geschmacksrichtung	Einkaufsstätte (Hersteller / Einzelhandel)	Handelskettenname / Unternehmen	Identitäts- kennzeichen
2023-12345	E951; E950; E954	1,5	Milbona	Diät Joghurt	Erdbeer	Einzelhandel	Lidl	DE NW 508 EG
2023-12346	E950; E954	0,1	Bauer	Extra Leicht	Zitrone	Hersteller	Bauer	DE BY 000 EG
2023-12347	E950	0,4	Crane	High Protein	Heidelbeere	Einzelhandel	Aldi Süd	DE BW 010 EG

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Pilot phase in Germany 2024 dyes in non-alcoholic beverages

- fix EU-analytes: E 102, E 124, E 142 → query in advance of availability of methods / market
- focus: close the lack of data for mainly one representative food category
- annual planning of sampling with explicit sample request (base shopping list)
- data submission: analytical data via interface
 - optional additional: presence data + trade chain and/or brand

320000	Alkoholfreie Getränke	LUA-Vorgabe		1-2 L / Erfrischungsgetränke mit Tartrazin E102 (wahrscheinlich Brausen, Energy, Bubble Tees, etc.) / PRODUKTVORSCHLÄGE SIEHE ANLAGE BfR Einkaufvorschlag	6
320000	Alkoholfreie Getränke	LUA-Vorgabe	LFGB Planprobe	1-2 L / Erfrischungsgetränke mit Grün S E142 (wahrscheinlich Brausen, Energy, Bubble Tees, etc.) / PRODUKTVORSCHLÄGE SIEHE ANLAGE BfR Einkaufvorschlag	4
320000	Alkoholfreie Getränke	LUA-Vorgabe	LFGB Planprobe	1-2 L / Erfrischungsgetränke mit Cochenillerot A E124 (wahrscheinlich Brausen, Energy, Bubble Tees, etc.) / PRODUKTVORSCHLÄGE SIEHE ANLAGE BfR Einkaufvorschlag	4

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Pilot phase in Germany 2024 dyes in non-alcoholic beverages – first results

First facts

- Bund ← → Länder ← → NRL
- only few samples available
 - repeated sample request
 - data for E 142 ?
- waiver of submission brand

First (repeating) problems

- market availability / relevance (esp. E 142)
- rapid market development
- (additional) data transfer
- methods





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Pilot phase in Germany 2025 BHT and sorbic acid

- fix EU-analytes: E 321, E 200-202 → query in advance of availability of methods / market
- analyte-matrix-combination for annual planning
 - suggestion: E 321 chewing gum (or fats/oils)

E 200 surface meat preparation (or dessert)

- focus: using uniform methods (NRL)
- new challange: automatically data exchange of LIMS Länder to BVL (AVV DatA)
 - analytical data + presence data + place of sampling/trade chain



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Conclusion and next steps FA monitoring ... to be continued

- open communication esp. to official control authority (special sample request)
- market relevance of analyte-matrix-combinations (alternatives)
- new available and practical methods (NRL)
- easy data transfer (interface)

- clear guidelines from the EU
- involving alternative institutions for delivery of data



Thank you for your attention!

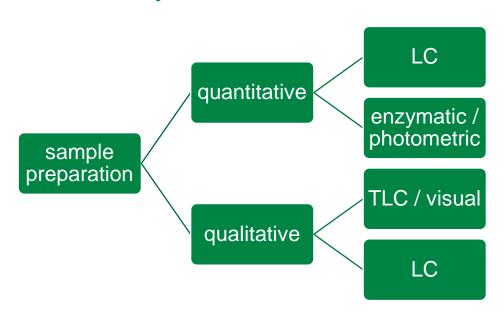


contact

- julia.schreiner@lua.sms.sachsen.de
- www.lua.sachsen.de



Common use FAs Chemical analysis



- dyes
 - synthetic
 - natural
 - illegal
- preservatives
 - sorbic / benzoic acid
 - nitrites / nitrates
- sweeteners



Common use FAs Chemical analysis and their problems

- sample preparation matrix
- quantitative extraction without loss or damage of analyte
- natural sources identification, differentiation, correlation
- lack of standards
- available and workable methods



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